

Confidential Report

Our Ref: 25/07511G/09/16



Notified Body for PPE Directive, Construction Products Regulation & Marine Equipment Directive I.D. No. 0338 & 0339



Email: <u>info@bttg.co.uk</u>

Website: www.bttg.co.uk

Date: 11 October 2016

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Client:	Voxflor Industrial Park Co., Ltd 27/F Central Park Building No. 868 Changshou Road Shanghai 200060
Job Title:	Fire Test on One Sample of Carpet Tiles
Client's Order No:	
Date of Receipt:	12 September 2016
Description of Sample(s):	One sample of carpet tiles reference Dike - Entrance Barrier, PVC Backing
Work Requested:	We were asked to make the following test(s): BS EN 13501-1 (loose laid)

- * subcontracted test, UKAS accredited
- ** subcontracted test, EN ISO/IEC 17025 accredited
- *** not UKAS accredited





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Client: Voxflor Industrial Park Co., Ltd

FIRE TESTS ACCORDING TO BS EN ISO 11925-2:2002 Reaction to fire tests for building products – Part 2: Ignitability when subjected to direct impingement of flame

Date of Test: 22/09/2016

Conditioning

Test specimens and filter paper conditioned as described in BS EN 13238:2001.

Procedure

The sample was tested in accordance with BS EN ISO 11925-2:2002.

Three specimens from each direction were tested in accordance with the above standard. Specified filter paper was placed beneath the specimen holder and replaced between tests.

The specimens were mounted vertically in the specimen holder so that one end and both sides were enclosed with the exposed end 30mm from the end of the frame. The burner was inclined at an angle of 45°. The flame height was set at 20 mm with the flame impinging on the specimen for 15 seconds on the centre line, 40 mm above the bottom edge.

A marker was placed 150 mm above the upper end of the burner and the time recorded when the flame tip reached the marker, if applicable. The following parameters were also recorded:-

- 1. If ignition occurs
- 2. Presence of flaming debris, if applicable
- 3. Ignition of the filter paper, if applicable

Duration of test

For a flame application time of 15 seconds, the total test duration is 20 seconds after application of the flame.





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Classification Criteria

The samples were classified according to BS EN 13501-1:2002 Fire classification of Construction Products and Building Elements: Part 1 – Classification using Test Data from Reaction to Fire Tests, Table 1 – Classes of reaction to fire performance for construction products excluding floorings.

Flaming Classification			
Classification Criteria (mean values)			
E _{FL}	Fs ≤ 150mm within 20 seconds		
F _{FL}	None (No performance determined)		

Flaming droplets / particles classification			
Classification Criteria			
No classification	Pass		
d2	Fail (Ignition of paper)		

Results

			Tip of flame re	eaches 150mm	Flaming droplets	
Specime	en	Ignition (Yes or No)	Yes or No	Time taken (s)	Yes or No	Ignition of Filter paper (Yes or No)
	1	No	No	N/A	No	No
Machine Direction	2	No	No	N/A	No	No
	3	No	No	N/A	No	No
Across Machine Direction	1	No	No	N/A	No	No
	2	No	No	N/A	No	No
	3	No	No	N/A	No	No





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FIRE TESTS ACCORDING TO BS EN ISO 9239-1:2002

Reaction to fire tests for Floorings - Part 1: Determination of the burning behaviour using a radiant heat source (ISO 9239-1:2002)

Date of Test: 22/09/2016

Conditioning

The specimens were conditioned in accordance with BS EN 13238:2001. The substrate used was a fibre cement board (ISO 390) with a thickness of (6±1)mm and a density of (1,800±200) Kg/m³ representing the standard substrate of Class A1fl or A2fl.

Procedure

The test was carried out in accordance with BS EN ISO 9239-1. The sponsor sampled and cut the specimens to the dimensions stated.

Specimens were individually placed in the combustion chamber and allowed to preheat for two minutes under a radiant panel, which gives an imposed radiant flux ranging from approximately 11.0 kW/m^2 to 1.0 kW/m^2 along the specimen.

The pilot flame used was the line burner as described and was applied to the surface of the specimen for 10 minutes and then removed.

The flame front was measured at the end of the test or at 30 minutes if applicable.

Test termination was considered to be when the flame front self extinguished or at 30 minutes, which ever is the sooner.

The heat flux from the panel incident on the specimen when self extinguished or at 30 minutes (critical heat flux CHF or HF-30) was calculated from a prior calibration.





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Classification Criteria

The samples were classified according to BS EN 13501-1:2002: Fire classification of Construction Products and Building Elements: Part 1: Classification using Test Data from Reaction to Fire Tests.

For floorings, including their surface coverings the classes are:

Classification	Classification Criteria (mean values) (kW/m2)
Bfl	8.0
Cfl	4.5
Dfl	3.0
	Smoke Production % x min
s1	≤ 750
s2	Not s1

When tested to BS EN ISO 11925-2:2002 the sample has to have a flame spread (Fs) of: Fs \leq 150mm within 20 seconds (Class Efl).

Results

The test results relate to the behaviour of the test specimens of a material under the particular conditions of test; they are not intended to be the sole criterion for assessing the full potential fire hazard of the materials in use.





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Results (Continued)

Specimen No.	Direction of	Smoke Ol	oscuration oscuration	<u>Maximum</u>	Critical Heat	Duration of
	<u>specimen</u>	Max %	<u>% x min</u>	Flame front (mm)	Flux (kW/m²)	Flaming (sec)
1	Machine	39	160	245	8.1	1800
2	Across	34	168	260	7.8	1800
3	Across	44	191	220	8.6	900
4	Across	47	183	230	8.4	960
Mean of 3	Across	42	181	237	8.3	>1220

<u>Distance</u>	Time for each specimen to burn (s)			
Burnt (mm)	<u>1</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>4</u>
50	204	221	192	176
100	300	360	325	323
150	430	487	400	432
200	600	600	574	600
250		1742		

Observations

The tests were carried out in accordance with the standard in relation to carpet tiles which means that the first cross join was situated at 250mm from the zero point. It was commented on the test that the material shrunk back at this join on specimen 1 and that because of the gap produced the flame did not progress beyond the join. This means that the results just fall into the **B**_{fl} classification, however had the flame propagated across the join then the classification could have been lower.

Note

One specimen was initially tested in each direction and whichever direction gave the worst result a further two specimens were tested. Only the results of the 3 specimens in the same direction were used to calculate the mean results.

The specimens of floor covering were tested loose laid onto a 6mm fibre cement board as defined in BS EN 13238:2001.





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Comments

In our opinion, based on the tests carried out on the sample supplied;

- a) the results of the BS EN ISO 11925-2:2002 test indicate the sample meets the requirements of a Class E_{FL} . It should be noted that this is only class that can be achieved when tested to this method alone.
- b) the results of the BS EN ISO 9239-1:2002 test indicate the sample meets the requirements of a Class B_{FL} -s1 when tested to this method alone.

Conclusion

In our opinion, the results indicate that the sample when classified to BS EN 13501-1:2002 meets an overall classification of: Class B_{fl} -s1.

An estimation of uncertainty of measurement has not been taken into account when making a judgement to any pass/fail criteria.

Reported by:

B Marsden (Mrs), Fire Technician

Countersigned by:

P Doherty, Operational Head

Enquiries concerning this report should be addressed to Custome Services.





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Uncertainty Budget - Annex

The uncertainty budget for BS EN 13501-1:2002 was determined as follows:-

Overall (BS EN ISO 9239-2)

The uncertainty varies, therefore:

At position between a Euroclass B to C \pm 15% At position between a Euroclass C to D \pm 15.5% At position between a Euroclass D to E \pm 17.5%

